SPECT-CT DETECTION OF ENDOMETRIOSIS SUBTYPES USING 99mTc-MARACICLATIDE

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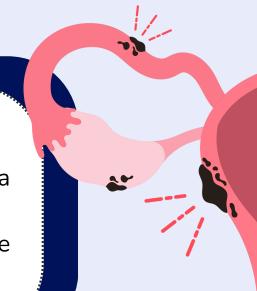
(3)





THE UNMET DIAGNOSTIC NEED:

- The detection of superficial disease is a recognised limitation of existing imaging modalities (1).
- The monitoring of imaging advancements for the application of endometriosis has been highlighted as a global endometriosis research priority (2).
- Given the success of SPECT-CT imaging with 99mTc-maraciclatide in detecting rheumatoid arthritis, we are conducting an exploratory study to assess its application to endometriosis (3).
- 99mTc-maracic binds with a high affinity to $\alpha v \beta 3$, the most commonly researched angiogenic integrin.



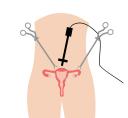




Population: 20 patients with suspected or confirmed endometriosis.



Investigation: SPECT-CT with a novel imaging marker, 99mTc-maraciclatide.

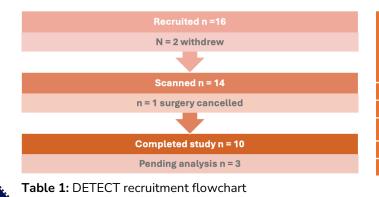


Comparator: Planned laparoscopy 2-7 days later.



Outcome: Correlation between scan and surgical regions of interest.

PROGRESS: RECRUITMENT AND DIAGNOSTIC HITS



Characteristics of included patients (n = 10)	Range or Number of patients	
Age	22-42	
Prior surgical diagnosis of endometriosis	6	
Exogenous hormones at the time of the scan	4	
Proliferative phase at the time of the scan*	2	
Secretory phase at the time of the scan*	4	
Table 2: DETECT patient characteristics in the 10 patients with		

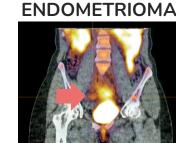
Table 2: DETECT patient characteristics in the 10 patients with complete data.*in those not on exogenous hormones.

Completed Study: N = 10 patients			
	Laparoscopy -ve	Laparoscopy +ve	
Maraciclatide +ve	0	7	
Maraciclatide -ve	2	1	

Table 3: 99mTc-maraciclatide and laparoscopy correlation, in detecting disease or absence of disease in 10 patients. Green indicates a diagnostic match. Note: the patient with a negative match was the only on GnRH-a.



PROGRESS: SUBTYPE EVALUATION



DEEP DISEASE

SPECTS_SPS_TC_OMMESS_B_SP3_TA
150-n0-202_110-15
1der:114-115-76
2/2012_FROMESS
2/000001:49%
Fullon: 20%



Figure 1: SPECT-CT images of three different patients 10-30 minutes after injection with 99mTc-maraciclatide. The arrows indicate detected disease which was later confirmed on laparoscopy. (a) endometrioma, (b) deep disease in the sigmoid colon, and (c) superficial disease in the pouch of Douglas.

Completed Study: N = 10 patients			
	No. of patients with disease subtype seen with 99mTc-maraciclatide		
Superficial disease	4	•••	
Deep disease	1		

Table 4: The number of disease subtypes accurately detected in the 10 patients who have completed the study.

Endometrioma



CONCLUSION & NEXT STEPS

- Preliminary findings suggest that detecting angiogenic integrins could aid in the non-invasive detection of endometriosis and could help address the challenges of detecting superficial disease.
- Data collection and analysis will continue.
- A phase 3 study is being designed.

REFERENCES

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3) Attipoe L et al. (2021). Imaging Neoangiogenesis in Rheumatoid Arthritis II (INIRA II): Whole-body Synovial Uptake of 99mTc-Maraciclatide Correlates with Power Doppler Ultrasound and Serum Neoangiogenic Biomarkers. American Coll. Of Rheum. ARC Convergence 2021. Abstract no: 0174